

**Classical Mechanics - Problem Set 3**

**Problem 1)**

A particle of mass  $m$  moving along the  $x$ -axis is subject to the force  $F = -kx + a/x^3$  where both  $k$  and  $a$  are positive.

- 1) What are the equilibrium positions of the particle and are they stable?
- 2) Assume that the particle undergoes small oscillations around an equilibrium point. Calculate the period of these oscillations.

**Problem 2)**

Solve Goldstein's Exercise 11, p.128: Two particles move about each other in circular orbits under the influence of gravitational forces, with a period  $\tau$ . Their motion is suddenly stopped at a given instant of time, and they are then released and allowed to fall into each other. Prove that they collide after a time  $T = \tau/(4\sqrt{2})$ .

(Note: this problem can be solved either by brute force integration – not recommended – or by using a trick that mostly requires some creative thinking and nearly NO math).

**Problem 3)**

A planet is circling Sun on an elliptic orbit with eccentricity  $e$ . Calculate the ratio between its maximum velocity (where does this occur? Why?) and its minimum velocity (ditto) as a function of  $e$ . By how much does the velocity of Earth ( $e = 0.0167504$ ) vary (in %) over one orbit?